

# **Nurse Home-Visiting** – supporting Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander mothers and their children in the critical early years



An outline of the Health@Home Plus initiative 19 September 2007





- Why early childhood?
- Health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children.
- Health@Home Plus.



## Why focus on Early Childhood?

- High priority for the Australian Government.
- Prevention and early intervention early in life is critical for healthy adults.
- Returns from investment in early childhood ~17:1.



Health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children

- Major improvements in recent years:
  - 60% decrease in Sudden Infant Death
    Syndrome from 1997-99 to 2000-03.
  - 44% decline in Indigenous infant mortality rate between 1997 and 2003 (WA, SA and NT).
  - 55% reduction in perinatal mortality rate between 1997 and 2003.



### Health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children

- Despite these improvements, areas of concern remain:
  - Low birth weight;
  - Infant mortality rate;
  - Maternal smoking; and
  - Ear disease and hearing problems.



*Health@Home Plus* **Overview** 

- Provides \$37.4 million over four years.
- Targeted remote and outer regional areas.
- Health professionals will provide home visiting services to women pregnant with an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander child, continuing until the child is two years old.
- Child and family support will be provided to high need children aged two-eight years.
- 40 new Puggy Hunter Memorial Scholarships



### Health@Home Plus Aims and Objectives

- Improve health and wellbeing outcomes for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and their families including:
  - Improve child health and development;
  - Provide help with parenting skills;
  - Assist families and children to access other relevant support services;
  - Support children aged 2-8 most in need to help them make a successful transition to early learning and school; and
  - Support development of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander child health workforce.
- New direction for OATSIH.



Health@Home Plus Nurse-Family Partnership

- *Health@Home Plus* will be based on the Nurse Family Partnership (NFP) model developed by Dr David Olds in the United States.
- Nurses visit families from pregnancy through child aged two.
- Solid empirical and theoretical underpinnings.
- Focuses on parental behaviour and context.
- Rigorously tested.



### Health@Home Plus Nurse-Family Partnership Evidence and Outcomes

- Randomised Controlled Trials in:
  - Elmira, New York, 1977;
  - Memphis, Tennessee, 1987; and
  - Denver, Colorado, 1994
- Longitudinal studies.



Health@Home Plus Nurse-Family Partnership Evidence and Outcomes

- Antenatal
  - Reduced smoking rates
  - Reduced hypertension in pregnancy
- Birth
  - Reduced prematurity rates
  - Reduced low birth weight
  - Increased breastfeeding rates



Health@Home Plus Nurse-Family Partnership Evidence and Outcomes

# Childhood & Adolescence

- Reduced problems related to drugs
- Reduced rates running away from home
- Reduced delinquency and arrests
- Reduced substance use

### • Mothers

- Better spacing between pregnancies
- Reduced substance use
- Reduced welfare dependency
- Greater workforce participation
- Source: Olds DL et al, Long term effects of home visitation on maternal life course and child abuse and neglect: Fifteen year follow-up of a Randomised Trial, JAMA, 1997, 278:637-643



### Health@Home Plus Why Nurses?

- Formal training in women's and children's health.
- Competence in managing complex clinical situations.
- Nurses will be trained extensively in:
  - Motivational Interviewing;
  - Behavioural change; and
  - Professional judgment.
- 3 volumes of program guidelines, not a cookbook:
  - Adapted to families' needs and concerns; and
  - Mother/family engagement essential.



#### Australian Government

Department of Health and Ageing

### **Outcomes and Effect Sizes: Nurses and Paraprofessionals**



Fig 3. Probabilities ± standard errors that correspond to estimates for dichotomous outcomes presented in Tables 3 and 4 where there were significant effects or trends for any treatment contrast. Child outcomes are shown for children born to women with low psychological resources. C indicates control; P, paraprofessional; and N, nurse.

### Olds DL, Robinson J, O'Brien R, et al. Home visiting by paraprofessionals and by nurses: A randomised controlled trial. Pediatrics 2002;110(3):486496



# Health@Home Plus

### **Nurse activities**

- Improved Pregnancy Outcomes:
  - Support clients obtain prenatal care from their health professional.
  - Support clients reduce their use of cigarettes, alcohol and illegal drugs.
  - Teach clients about healthy nutrition during pregnancy.
- Improved Child Health and Development:
  - Teach parents how to care for their children and provide them with a positive home environment.
  - Support parents create a safe home environment.
- Improved Maternal Life Course Development:
  - Support mothers continue their education and reach their educational goals.
  - Encourage mothers find adequate employment.



### Health@Home Plus Program Design

- Home-visiting teams.
- Professional Support Teams.
- Child and family support will be provided to high need children aged two-eight years.
- Strong training component for Home-Visiting and Professional Support Teams.



# Health@Home Plus

Adaptation of the NFP to the Australian Context

- Adaptation to incorporate:
  - Geographical diversity;
  - Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander mothers and children;
  - Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health services; and
  - The Australian health care system, particularly the primary health care system.



## Health@Home Plus Implementation

- Site selection
- Governance
  - Health@Home Plus Program Reference Group.
- Evaluation
  - Health@Home Plus Evaluation Reference
    Group