The AEDI Indigenous adaptation study

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A partnership between







An Australian Government Initiative



Australian Early Development Index Building better communities for children

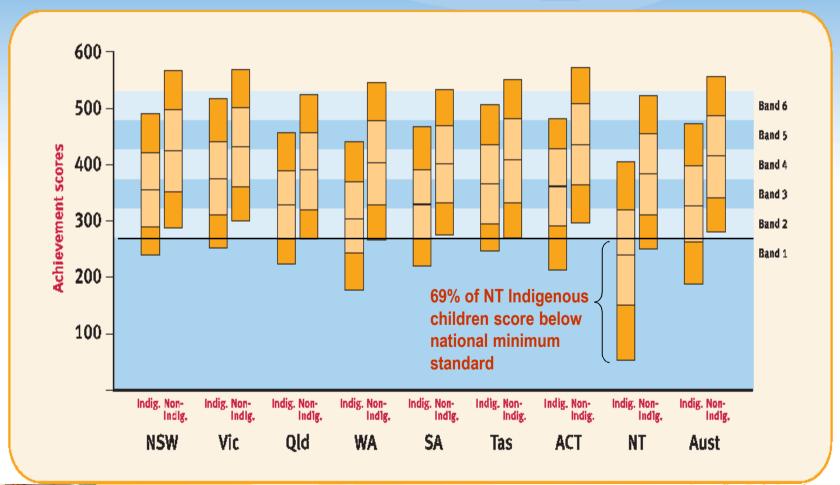
What is the AEDI?

- The Australian Early Development Index (AEDI) is a community measure of young children's development.
- The AEDI Checklist consists of around 100 questions completed by the child's teacher based on their knowledge of the child
- It is designed for use with whole populations of children (based on geographical or administrative boundaries)
- The checklist was originally designed in Canada to measure child development between 4 and 6 years of age.



NAPLAN Year 3 Reading

Figure 3.R3: Achievement of Year 3 Students in Reading, by Indigenous Status, by State and Territory, 2009.



Australian Early Development Index Building better communities for children

Four converging strands of research...

Brain development

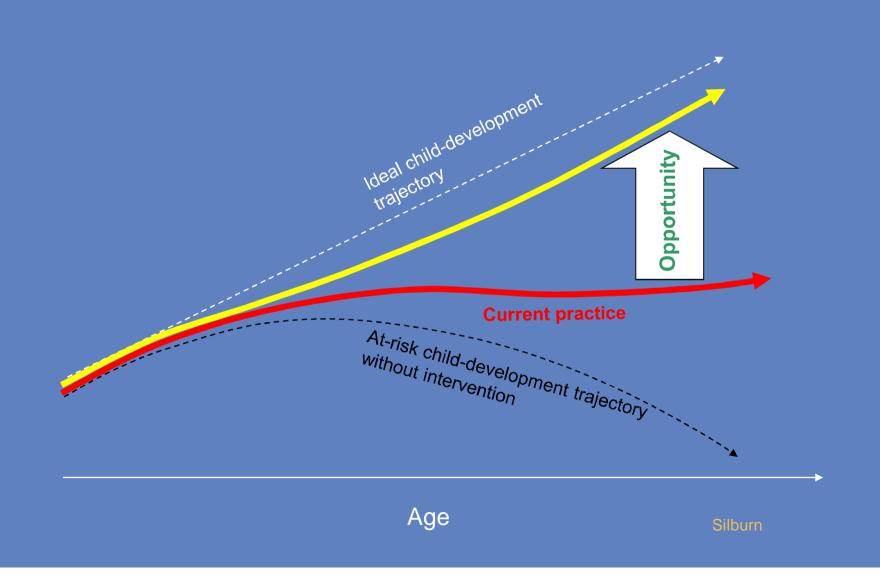
 Extreme sensitivity of developing brain to effects of caretaking environment

Life course

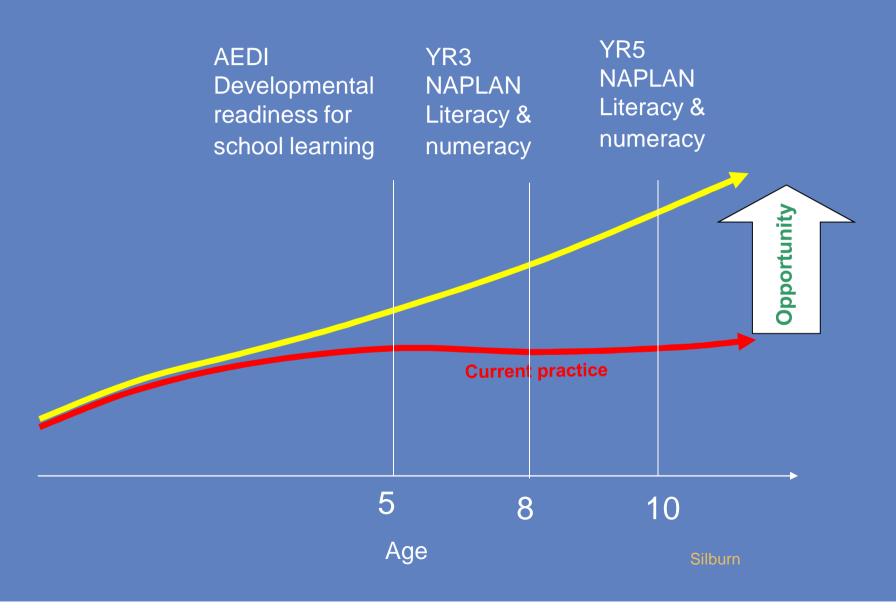
- What happens in early years impacts on outcomes later in life
- Ecology of early childhood
 - Families and environments matter
- Benefits of early childhood programs
 - The best investment any society can make

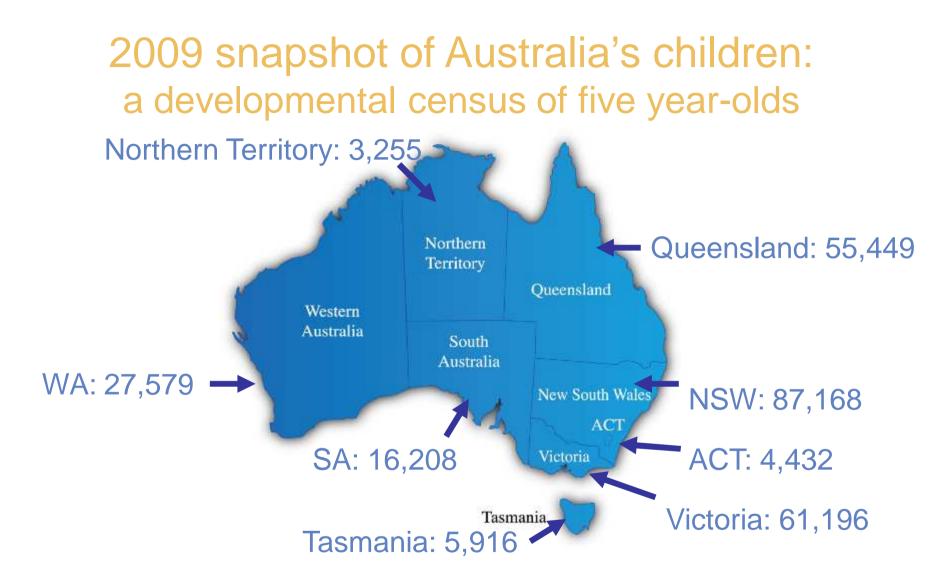


Developmental health - opportunity



Developmental health - opportunity





Total = 261,203 children (97.5% of estimated population)

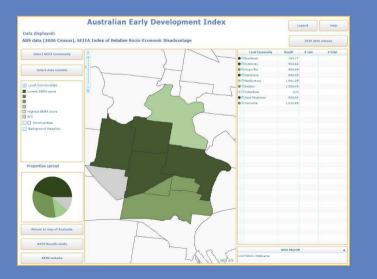


Reporting the AEDI results

- National results: A Snapshot of Early Childhood Development in Australia (Dec 2009)
- Community results: AEDI Community Maps (Dec 2009) AEDI Community Profiles (May 2010)

• School results: AEDI School Profiles (Dec 2009)





Supporting the AEDI Implementation and community use of local results



Changing the social discourse on early childhood development



Today's Presentation

- Share the work undertaken in the Aboriginal Adaptation Study of the AEDI
- Communication Approach
- Resources under development





NT Work :Communication

Culture is the lens people use and see their children through, communication around what influences development is a key starting point

 Communities are overwhelmed by more negative news, they want to know what is and can be done to give children the 'best start'



The AEDI Measures



- PHYSICAL KID

- SOCIAL KID
- FEELING KID
- TALKING & THINKING KID
- CULTURAL KID











Resources under development

• *Cultural Eye'* communication resource and activities

We need to develop a clear strong story about AEDI and what stories it has to share (western child development story about domains and benefits of building babies brains, ecological model, investment in the early years) Main aim is to improve community and of what Aboriginal children and young people need to develop in healthy ways.



DVD

Production of a DVD discussion resource a longer story (evidence based) and community workshop which outline what "prompts, facilitates & constrains" child development

TV Community Service Announcements Key message Its just so important Early Years, nutrition and breastfeeding, building brains & bodies, growing in strong caring relationships, early language and connections







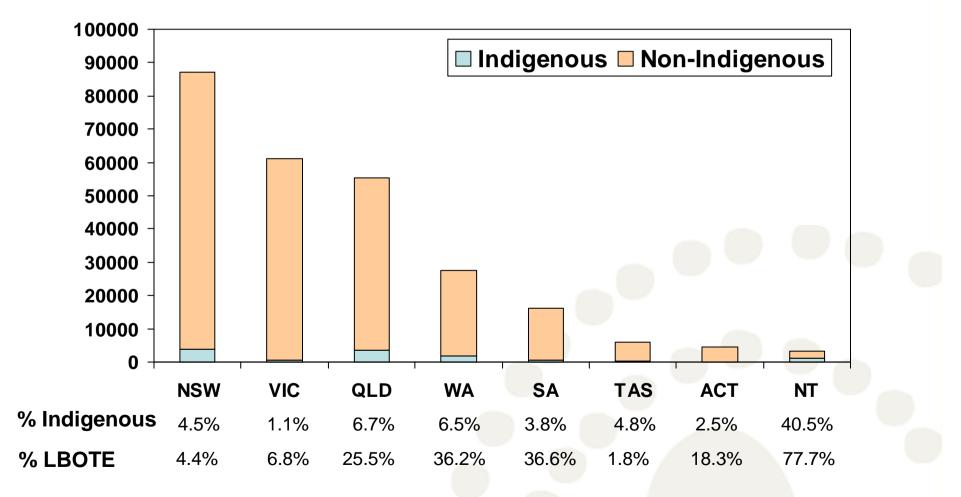
Why these resources?

- Encourage dialogue around awareness and education for the early years
- Provide mentoring opportunities about 'evidence based brain development'
- Emphasise what parents/communities 'can do'
- Protect against toxic / harmful environment



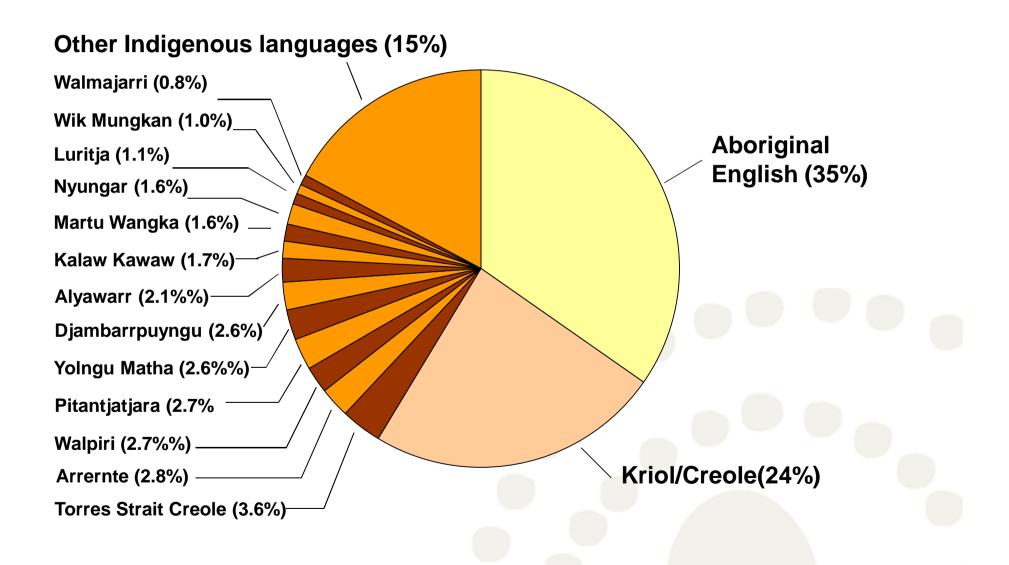






Languages spoken by the 22.3% of Indigenous children who speak languages other than English at home









Percentage of children developmentally vulnerable (DV) across Australia by jurisdiction

	DV on one or more domains (%)	DV on two or more domains (%)
Australia	23.3	11.7
New South Wales	21.2	10.2
Victoria	20.1	9.9
Queensland	29.2	15.6
Western Australia	24.3	12.0
South Australia	22.5	11.4
Tasmania	21.7	10.8
Northern Territory	36.3	22.1
Australian Capital	21.9	10.8
Territory		

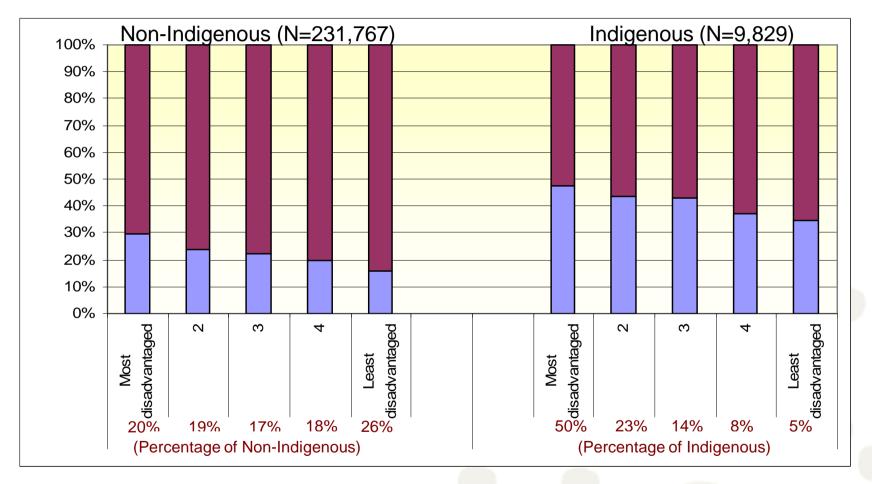
Results: subpopulations



		Vulnerable on ≥2
		domains (%)
Australia		11.8
Gender	Girls	7.4
	Boys	16.2
Indigenous		29.5
LBOTE		16.7
P	rof in English	9.4
Not prof in English		58.3
English only		10.8
P	rof in English	8.7
Not prof in English		74.8

Social gradients in the developmental status of Australian children on entry to primary school

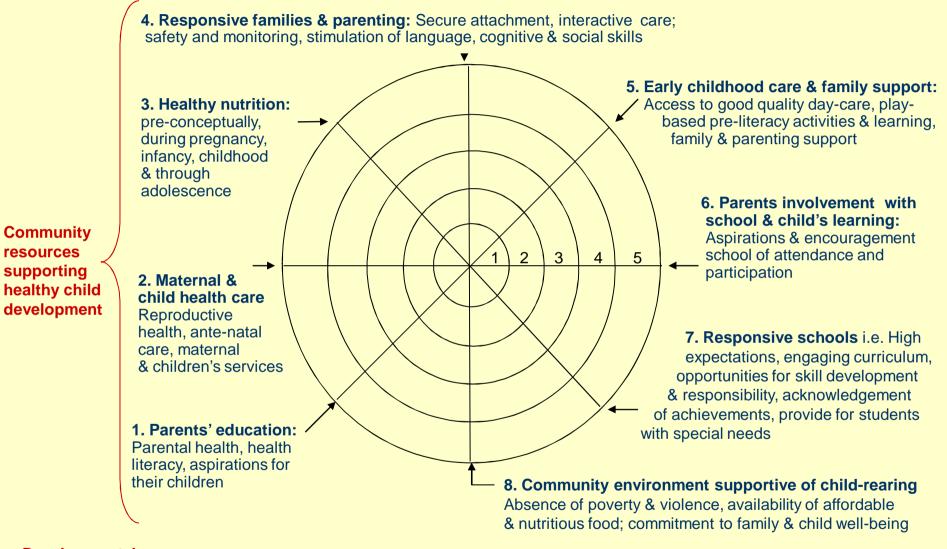




Blue = Vulnerable on one or more AEDI domains, Purple = 'On Track' - no vulnerability on any AEDI domain

Mapping community resources for child development

Rate the following resources for children in your community (1=very poor, 2=poor, 3=adequate, 4=good & 5=excellent)



Developmental processes

Healthy pregnancy:

Nutrition, avoidance of smoking, alcohol & drugs, social support, & use of antenatal health care Quality of experiencebased early brain development

Physical health, Social & emotional development, language & other pre-literacy skill development

Readiness for school learning

School engagement, academic & life skills

Sense of belonging; Problem solving skills Social competence; Reflective awareness; Autonomy & self-efficacy; Sense of purpose

Health & participation

Health; Positive socialisation; Adaptive coping skills; Meaningful participation (social, civic & economic)

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Thank you

For more information visit www.australianedi.org.au